OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR BUDGET AND PROGRAM PLANNING

STATE OF MONTANA



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To: Kurt Alme, Anita Milanovich

From: Chris Watson, OBPP

Date: 8/12/2021

Subject: American Rescue Plan Act Net Tax Reduction Provision

Analysis of ARPA Net Tax Reduction Provision for Montana

Recommendation: Montana is not expected to have a reduction in net tax revenue in any year during the covered period. The net revenue impact of covered changes for fiscal years within the covered period is more than offset by organic revenue growth, resulting in Montana meeting the safe harbor condition outlined in Treasury's Interim Final Rule.

Disclaimer: This recommendation is based on the most recent Treasury guidance available as of the date of this memorandum. There remains a possibility that a change in the Treasury Rules, Treasury guidance, changes to federal law, or the outcome of pending or forthcoming litigation may result in this recommendation changing.

Background

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) contains a host of provisions on how Fiscal Recovery Funds distributed to States are to be used for the purposes of responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency. One such condition, referred to as the "offset provision", prohibits States from using their fiscal recovery funds to finance a reduction in net tax revenue. Section 602(c)(2)(A) of the American Rescue Plan Act states:

"A State or territory shall not use the funds provided under this section or transferred pursuant to section 603(c)(4) to either directly or indirectly offset a reduction in the net tax revenue of such State or territory resulting from a change in law, regulation, or administrative interpretation during the covered period that reduces any tax (by providing for a reduction in a rate, a rebate, a deduction, a credit, or otherwise) or delays the imposition of any tax or tax increase."

To ensure States comply with this instruction, Treasury's Interim Final Rule (IFR) provides guidance for determining if a State will have a reduction in net tax revenue during the covered period beginning March 3, 2021 and ending December 31, 2024. A reduction in net tax revenue will be determined to have occurred if a change in law or other similar action during the covered

¹American Rescue Plan Act of 2021, H.R. 1319, Section 602(c)(2)(A)

period causes net tax revenue in a reporting year to fall below the calculated baseline in an amount that exceeds the allowable *de minimis* level. The IFR explains a covered change – that is, what constitutes a qualifying action that may result in a reduction of tax revenue:

"A covered change includes any final legislative or regulatory action, a new or changed administrative interpretation, and the phase-in or taking effect of any statute or rule where the phase-in or taking effect was not prescribed prior to the start of the covered period."²

Further, the IFR specifies that tax-reducing actions must be initiated by the State:

"Moreover, only the changes within the control of the State or territory are considered covered changes. Covered changes do not include a change in rate that is triggered automatically and based on statutory or regulatory criteria in effect prior to the covered period."

Analysis

The IFR allows States to use their existing budgeting processes and revenue estimate methodologies to make the net tax reduction determination. For Montana, the net revenue impacts of legislative changes from the 2021 session that affect tax or fee revenue within the covered period constitute the covered changes pertinent to the offset provision. This information is gathered from fiscal notes associated with the relevant legislation. Collaboration among OBPP, the Legislative Fiscal Division, and the Department of Revenue helped identify all legislation that falls under the umbrella of the offset provision. The net impact of Montana's relevant legislation is negative in each year during the period FY 2022 – FY 2025. The largest impacts occur in FY 2024 and FY 2025, a result of changes to Montana's income tax rates. The list of included bills and their annual fiscal impacts is presented in the appendix. A summary of the annual net revenue impacts for all qualifying legislation is shown in table 1. These figures do not include revenue from the taxation of recreational marijuana for reasons discussed later in this analysis.

Table 1.

 Net Revenue Impact of Montana Covered Changes

 FY 2022 - FY 2025, \$ millions

 FY 2022 FY 2023 FY 2024 FY 2025

 Net Revenue Impact
 -\$2
 -\$25
 -\$45
 -\$67

The next step is to determine if the above fiscal impacts might be enough to cause a net tax reduction in any year. Nominal tax revenue is estimated for each reporting year, incorporating each year's net revenue changes. This nominal level of tax revenue is compared to a baseline figure, which is FY 2019 tax revenue adjusted for inflation in each reporting year. If nominal tax revenue is greater than the baseline there is no net tax reduction and Montana is not subject to

² U.S. Department of the Treasury. Interim Final Rule, page 83. https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/FRF-Interim-Final-Rule.pdf

³ U.S. Department of the Treasury. Interim Final Rule, page 84. https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/FRF-Interim-Final-Rule.pdf

⁴ U.S. Department of the Treasury. Interim Final Rule, pages 86-87. https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/FRF-Interim-Final-Rule.pdf

the stipulations of the offset provision because the state is deemed to have "paid" for the net tax reduction with organic revenue growth. The IFR refers to this outcome as being in safe harbor.

In the absence of safe harbor – i.e., nominal tax revenue is below the baseline – Montana will still be in the clear if the total amount of the revenue-reducing changes is less than 1% of the baseline. This is the *de minimis* level. Revenue decline that is less than the *de minimis* amount is allowable because Treasury is aware that States may enact minor administrative or policy changes that have minimal effects on tax and fee collections. The IFR guidance includes the following language:

"The de minimis level recognizes the inherent challenges and uncertainties that recipient governments face, and thus allows relatively small reductions in tax revenue without consequence." 5

Projections indicate that Montana's total value of covered changes in FYs 2024 and 2025 will likely be above the *de minimis* amount; however, this is not a concern because the same projections show Montana being comfortably in safe harbor for each reporting year in the covered period. Nominal tax revenue is forecast using trend growth and then adjusted for each year's covered changes. Baseline tax revenue is adjusted for inflation using the Bureau of Economic Analysis's Implicit Price Deflator. The economic forecasting service used by OBPP, IHS Markit, has a long-term projection of this inflation metric, and their estimates are employed to forecast baseline tax revenue for this analysis. Nominal tax revenue outstrips baseline tax revenue by a wide margin in each reporting year. See table 2 for a detailed, yearly breakdown of the estimate methodology.

Estimates in table 2 are presented with and without recreational marijuana revenue. There is uncertainty about whether the legalization and taxation of recreational marijuana qualifies as a covered change because its approval by the Montana electorate occurred before the covered period. However, House Bill 701 from the 2021 legislative session made changes to the recreational marijuana law originally passed by Montana voters and was enacted during the covered period, lending credence to a decision to include recreational marijuana tax revenue in the calculation of net tax revenue. In this case, the net effect of Montana covered changes moves from negative to positive and no safe harbor or *de minimis* calculation is needed.

⁵ U.S. Department of the Treasury. Interim Final Rule, page 90. https://home.treasury.gov/system/files/136/FRF-Interim-Final-Rule.pdf

⁶ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, GDP Price Deflator, https://www.bea.gov/data/prices-inflation/gdp-price-deflator

Table 2

Net Tax Reduc	ction Estimates	s for Montana						
FY 2022 - FY 2025, \$ millions								
	FY 2022	FY 2023	FY 2024	FY 2025				
Baseline Tax Revenue	\$3,388	\$3,457	\$3,533	\$3,616				
Baseline Growth Rate	3.3%	2.0%	2.2%	2.3%				
Exclude HB 701 Recreational Marijuana Re	evenue							
Nominal Tax Revenue*	\$3,458	\$3,589	\$3,706	\$3,805				
Nominal Relative to Baseline	\$70	\$132	\$173	\$190				
Safe Harbor?	YES	YES	YES	YES				
Net Revenue Impact of Covered Changes	-\$2	-\$25	-\$45	-\$67				
1% de Minimis	\$34	\$35	\$35	\$36				
Reduction Less than de minimis?	YES	YES	NO	NO				
Pass Safe Harbor and/or de minimis Test?	YES	YES	YES	YES				
Include HB 701 Recreational Marijuana Re	evenue							
Nominal Tax Revenue*	\$3,493	\$3,642	\$3,764	\$3,856				
Nominal Relative to Baseline	\$104	\$185	\$231	\$240				
Safe Harbor?	YES	YES	YES	YES				
Net Revenue Impact of Covered Changes	\$35	\$53	\$58	\$51				
1% de Minimis	\$34	\$35	\$35	\$36				
Reduction Less than de minimis?	YES	YES	YES	YES				
Pass Safe Harbor and/or de minimis Test?	YES	YES	YES	YES				

Using the more conservative estimate that excludes recreational marijuana revenue, Montana lands in safe harbor by \$70 million in FY 2022, \$132 million in FY 2023, \$173 in FY 2024 and \$190 million in FY 2025. Barring any drastic deviations in nominal tax collections and/or inflation from expectation, Montana should not fall out of safe harbor protection throughout the covered period.

* Adjusted for net impact of covered changes after base level of tax revenue is projected forward

The estimates presented in this analysis do not constitute final numbers. Actual tax collections will be determined at the close of each reporting year, as will the final baseline level of tax revenue. Once these figures are known, the safe harbor and *de minimis* (if needed) calculations will be completed and officially reported.

Appendix

Table 3. List of Bills from Montana 2021 Legislative Session Qualifying as Covered Changes

	2021 Legislation	n Relevant to the Offset Provision \$ millions	of The Ame	erican Rescu	e Plan Act		
Tax or Fee Bill?	Reason Excluded	Bill # Title	FY 2022 Revenue	FY 2023 Revenue	FY 2024 Revenue	FY 2025 Revenue	
rec biii.	Excluded	HB10 - Long-Range	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	Revenue	
		Information Technology					
No	Appropriation	Appropriations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
INO	Арргорпацоп	HB129 - Revise the Family	\$0	\$0	\$0	Φυ	
Yes			-\$0.173	-\$0.377	\$0.614	-\$0.889	
res		Education Savings Act	-\$0.173	-\$0.577	-\$0.614	-\$0.889	
Vac		HB131 - Generally revise state	\$0.840	\$0.045	\$0.045	\$0.045	
Yes		cabin leasing laws HB139 - Revise death	\$0.840	-\$0.045	-\$0.045	-\$0.045	
V		certificate fees to fund board of	\$0.422	\$0.422	¢0.420	¢0.425	
Yes		morticians and funeral services	\$0.423	\$0.423	\$0.429	\$0.435	
N.T.	D 1'	HB14 - Long-Range Building	Φ0	Φ0	Φ0	Φ0	
No	Bonding	Bonding Program	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
		HB155 - Revise laws related to					
	F 1 1	reimbursement for certain	Φ0	40	Φ0	Φ0	
No	Federal revenue	Medicaid services	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
		HB173 - Revise laws regarding			***		
Yes		state timber sales	\$0.040	\$0.040	\$0.040	\$0.040	
		HB191 - Revise residential					
Yes		property tax credit for elderly	-\$2.944	-\$2.839	-\$2.734	-\$2.629	
		HB217 - Provide for licensure		1.			
Yes		of genetic counselors	\$0.052	\$0.039	\$0.040	\$0.040	
		HB252 - Non-refundable tax					
		credit for employer-paid					
Yes		education of trade professions	-\$1.000	-\$1.000	-\$1.000	-\$1.000	
		HB260 - Revise non-resident					
Yes		fishing license fees	\$0.580	\$1.741	\$1.741	\$1.741	
		HB264 - Revise emergency					
Yes		vehicle passing laws	\$0.009	\$0.013	\$0.013	\$0.013	
		HB279 - Revise laws related to					
		tax credit scholarship and					
Yes		innovative education programs	\$0.000	-\$1.907	-\$3.838	-\$4.611	
		HB290 - Provide for a self-					
Yes		storage insurance act	\$0.012	\$0.000	\$0.012	\$0.012	
		HB303 - Revise business					
		equipment tax laws: Business					
		Investment Grows (BIG) Jobs					
Yes		Act	-\$0.731	-\$1.140	-\$1.146	-\$1.150	
		HB330 - Generally revise laws					
		related to budget stability and					
No	Transfers	managing volatility	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
		HB340 - Revise the MEDIA	1.			l .	
Yes		Act film tax credits	\$0.005	-\$1.987	-\$1.983	-\$1.977	
		HB357 - Revise property tax					
		assistance program inflation					
Yes		adjustment laws	-\$0.234	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000	
		HB373 - Revise natural					
		resources operations fund,					
No	Transfers	provide transfer	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	

		HB374 - Amend Coal				
		Severance Tax SSR accounts,				
No	Transfers	provide transfers	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		HB423 - Revise laws to provide				
		for additional screening of				
No	No tax or fee	newborn infants	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	Transfers /	HB425 - Generally revise crime				
No	Federal revenue	victim compensation laws	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		HB445 - Generally revise				
Yes		automobile franchise laws	\$0.002	\$0.002	\$0.002	\$0.002
		HB459 - Provide for				
		certification of CPS workers				
Yes		with direct contact with children	\$0.098	\$0.066	\$0.065	\$0.065
		HB468 - Allowing hound				
		hunting and chase seasons for				
Yes		black bears	\$0.005	\$0.005	\$0.005	\$0.005
		HB49 - Revise recording fees to				
		support county and state land				
Yes		information accounts	\$0.828	\$0.828	\$0.828	\$0.828
		HB5 - Long-Range Building				
No	Appropriation	Appropriations	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		HB517 - Revise penalties				
		related to underage marijuana				
Yes		possession and use	-\$0.004	-\$0.004	-\$0.004	-\$0.004
		HB525 - Generally revise laws				
		related to alcohol concession				
Yes		agreements	\$0.005	\$0.006	\$0.007	\$0.008
		HB593 - Generally revise				
Yes		barbering and cosmetology laws	\$0.000	\$0.015	\$0.015	\$0.015
		HB599 - Generally revise				
Yes		opencut laws	-\$0.016	-\$0.016	-\$0.016	-\$0.016
	Appropriation /	HB620 - Revise Title X				
No	Federal revenue	appropriation	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		HB629 - Provide for job				
Yes		creation tax credits	\$0.000	-\$0.213	-\$0.479	-\$0.587
		HB637 - Generally revise fish,				
Yes		wildlife, and parks laws	\$0.005	\$0.005	\$0.005	\$0.005
		HB66 - Reauthorize securities				
No	Transfers	restitution fund	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		HB661 - Revise taxation of	***	40.45	***	
Yes		stripper oil and gas wells	-\$0.464	-\$0.435	-\$0.413	-\$0.401
		HB671 - Implement provisions				4.0
No	Transfers	of HB2 - Section E - education	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		HB678 - Authorize transfers				
	T. C	and other necessary measures to	Φ0	0.0	Φ0	40
No	Transfers	implement HB2 -section A	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
* 7		HB704 - Generally revise state	#1 000	#1 000	φ1 000	#1.000
Yes		lottery laws	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000	\$1.000
X 7		HB705 - Generally revise	Φ0.01.4	φο οσο	Φ0.000	Φ0.000
Yes		alcohol and gaming laws	\$0.014	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000
		HB72 - Revise funding for				
	TD 6	highway patrol retirement	Φ0	40	0.0	Φ0
No	Transfers	system HPORS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		HB98 - Extending the Missing				
X 7		Indigenous Persons Task Force	Φ0	Φ.	0.0	Φ0
Yes		and the LINC grant program	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

		SB106 - Establish license and				
		qualifications for veterinary				
Vac		technicians	\$0.027	\$0.017	\$0.017	\$0.017
Yes			\$0.027	\$0.017	\$0.017	\$0.017
		SB110 - Revise state employee				
NT	NT / C	and U-system health plan laws	Φ0	0.0	Φ0	Φ0
No	No tax or fee	for temp state share holiday	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		SB147 - Establish commercial				
**		property assessed capital	# 0 0 0 5	\$0.020	40.025	φο οσο
Yes		enhancements program	\$0.007	\$0.020	\$0.026	\$0.033
		SB159 - Personal Income Tax				
Yes		Relief Act	-\$5.962	-\$31.271	-\$33.114	-\$34.876
		SB163 - Increase membership				
		for the board of water well				
Yes		contractors	\$0.000	\$0.001	\$0.001	\$0.001
		SB175 - Generally revise				
		contributions to the judges'				
No	Transfers	retirement system	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		SB21 - Revise deposit of				
		lobbying fee and repeal				
Yes		broadcasting special account	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		SB230 - Repaying general fund				
		for initial implementation of				
No	Transfers	sage grouse act	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
		SB243 - Create presumption of				
		domicile for students who join				
Yes		Montana National Guard	-\$0.079	-\$0.081	-\$0.085	-\$0.088
		SB247 - Generally revise				
		alcohol state property/				
Yes		postsecondary education	\$0.131	\$0.133	\$0.136	\$0.139
		SB263 - Revise forest lands				
Yes		property taxes and rates	-\$0.039	-\$0.080	\$0.000	\$0.000
		SB269 - Allow mobile home				
		owners the option to purchase a				
Yes		mobile home park	-\$0.029	-\$0.029	-\$0.029	-\$0.029
		SB275 - Generally revise the				
		board of outfitters and outfitting				
Yes		laws and enforcement	\$0.016	\$0.016	\$0.016	\$0.016
		SB284 - Generally revise				·
Yes		county gravel pit permitting	-\$0.056	-\$0.055	-\$0.055	-\$0.055
		SB285 - Provide gas and fuel	,		,	,
Yes		tax refund for agriculture	-\$0.096	-\$0.096	-\$0.096	-\$0.096
		SB288 - Revise property	,,	,,	, , , , , ,	,
		exemption for agricultural				
Yes		processing facilities	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000	\$0.000
		SB297 - ConnectMT Act to	+ 5.000	72.000	+ =	+ 5.500
No	No fiscal impact	establish broadband deployment	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
110	1.0 Hocai impact	SB308 - Revise the Montana	Ψ0.0	Ψοισ	Ψοιο	Ψ0.0
		Building and Loan Associations				
Yes		Act.	\$0.010	\$0.018	\$0.018	\$0.018
105		SB320 - Generally revise	ψ0.010	φυιστο	ψ0.010	ψ0.010
		business law pertaining to				
Yes		alcohol delivery	\$0.098	\$0.098	\$0.098	\$0.098
103		SB336 - Generally revise driver	ψυ.υσο	ψυιυσο	ψυ.020	ψυ.υσυ
Yes		license laws	\$0.481	\$0.518	\$0.519	\$0.522
105		SB376 - Corporate tax	φυ.+01	ψυ.516	ψυ17	Φ0.322
		modernization through double-				
Voc			\$2.255	\$2 2/1	\$2 217	\$3.400
Yes		sales factor apportionment	\$2.355	\$3.241	\$3.317	\$3.400

		SB38 - Revised motorized trail				
Yes		program laws	\$0.000	\$0.079	\$0.000	\$0.079
		SB384 - Revise laws related to				
		Aquatic Invasive Species				
Yes		hydroelectric fee	-\$1.140	-\$1.140	-\$1.140	-\$1.140
		SB388 - Provide for				
		infrastructure through tax				
Yes		increment financing	\$0.000	\$0.039	\$0.040	\$0.040
		SB395 - Montana Pharmacy				
Yes		Benefit Manager Oversight Act	\$0.012	\$0.009	\$0.008	\$0.008
		SB398 - Generally revise				
Yes		vaping laws	\$0.008	\$0.083	\$0.083	\$0.083
		SB399 - Generally revise and				
Yes		simplify income taxes	\$0.000	\$4.866	-\$10.306	-\$29.949
Yes		SB44 - Revise subdivision laws	\$0.000	\$0.000	-\$0.015	-\$0.015
		SB51 - Exempting certain fiber				
		optic, coaxial cable from				
Yes		property taxation	\$0.000	-\$0.031	-\$0.062	-\$0.093
		SB52 - Revise lodging facility				
		use tax and sales tax on lodging				
Yes		and rental cars	\$0.482	\$0.764	\$0.851	\$0.916
		SB58 - Provide fund transfer for				
No	Transfers	livestock losses	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0	\$0.0
		SB76 - Revise the captive				
		insurance regulatory and				
Yes		supervision account	\$0.230	\$0.237	\$0.000	\$0.000
		SB81 - Include prepaid wireless				
Yes		in 9-1-1 tax	\$0.175	\$0.707	\$0.716	\$0.724
		HB701 - Generally revise				
		marijuana laws (MM tax				
Yes		increase revenue only)	\$3.100	\$2.790	\$2.512	\$2.260
		Total (avaludas reservation -1				
		Total (excludes recreational marijuana revenue)	-\$1.866	-\$24.928	-\$44.615	-\$67.088
		HB701 – Generally revise	-\$1.0UU	-\$24.720	- -	-\$U7.UOO
		marijuana laws (recreational tax				
		revenue only)	\$36.711	\$77.935	\$103.083	\$117.605
		Tevenue omy)	ψ30./11	ψ11.333	ψ105.065	Ψ117.003
		Total (including recreational				
		marijuana revenue)	\$34.794	\$53.007	\$58.468	\$50.517